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APPELMANN LEAVES THE UNIVERSITY

Resigns Position as Professor of German Language and Literature.

WILL RETURN TO GERMANY

Intends to Take Up Work in Detention Camps, Especially Among American Soldiers—Given a Clean Slate.

Professor Anton H. Appellmann, who has been the head of the German department at the University of Vermont for nearly five years, has resigned his position at the University and will soon sail for Germany, permission and safe conduct having been given him by the state department. He states his intention of taking up work in the detention camps there, especially among the American soldiers. He told a Free Press reporter last night on the eve of his departure, that it is his greatest wish from now on to be of service to these Americans who are interned in prison camps, and he feels that, with the American training which he has had in this country, he will be able to do a great deal for them.

Professor Appellmann's connection with the University of Vermont has been the subject of much controversy, some of it at times very heated, for nearly a year and a half. At the annual meeting of the associate alumni, held at commencement time in 1916, a resolution was introduced and unanimously adopted by the terms of which the president of the alumni association was asked to appoint a committee of five, whose duty it should be to investigate the alleged anti-American activities of Professor Appellmann and report to the president of the association. Mr. Shaw, then president of the association, was then asked to submit a report to the trustees of the university. Ralph A. Stewart of Boston was elected president of the association at the same meeting and in due time he appointed as the committee H. B. Shaw of Burlington, M. C. Robbins of New York, Prof. C. W. Doten of Boston, E. W. Lawrence of the University of Vermont, and E. H. Deavitt of Montpelier. This committee held several meetings, questioned Professor Appellmann and others and finally made a majority and a minority report.

The majority report, signed by all except Mr. Shaw, stated that Professor Appellmann, while Mr. Shaw reported that, in his opinion, Professor Appellmann had been engaged in anti-American activities.

The report was presented to the board of trustees at a special meeting in February, and at a later meeting in the spring, Professor Appellmann tendered his resignation, to take effect at the pleasure of the board. It was voted that the majority report of the investigating committee be accepted, and that Professor Appellmann, but his resignation was accepted, to take effect at the close of the college year, in June. At the annual meeting of the board of trustees, held at commencement time, their action in accepting the resignation was in effect reconsidered by electing Professor Appellmann to the vacant professorship of German. At the annual meeting of the Associate Alumni two days later, a motion was made and carried, that the majority report of the investigating committee, which was against Professor Appellmann, be accepted as the sentiment of the alumni. A heated discussion followed and the motion was finally laid on the table by a vote of 54 to 4.

When the signal corps came to the university a few months ago the question arose as to whether the company constituted a training camp, in which case Professor Appellmann would have required a permit in order to reach his classes. There was a partial hearing in the matter before United States Marshal A. P. Carpenter, during which the opposition to the professor was vigorously renewed. The hearing has never been completed. About a week ago, Professor Appellmann received a telegram from the Swiss legation at Washington, saying that permission had been granted him to return to Germany if he so desired and asking if he wished to take advantage of this permission. The professor decided to go to Washington and discuss the situation with the state department. He was most graciously received by the secretary for western European affairs, and he talked also with several other members of the department of state.

HELD IN HIGHEST ESTEEM. Professor Appellmann was informed that he was held in the highest esteem by the state department. He was told, however, that the United States government had become weary of the congested state of affairs which had arisen in this neighborhood over his presence here, that it was thought that the persecution which he had received might have made him desirous of leaving the country, and that the opportunity was now open to him. No charges were made against him and it was stated that the investigation which had been made of his case had resulted in giving him a "clean slate." So much opposition had arisen against him in Vermont, however, that it seemed impossible that he could go on teaching at the university with comfort and ease. Professor Appellmann was ready to resign at this time to save difficulties for the university, as he was last spring, and he wanted no time in doing so. He also applied immediately through the Swiss legation for service among the prisoners

of war in the detention camps of Germany and was told that he would be recommended for this kind of work. He hopes to begin this work immediately upon his arrival in Germany.

STATUS UNCERTAIN. Some doubts were expressed by the press last night as to just what his status would be when he returned to the country which gave him birth. Although still a German subject from a legal point of view, he has taken out his first papers in this country and firmly declared his intention of becoming an American citizen. He has done much for the American government while in this country, and offered his services in any way which he might serve the United States.

Professor Appellmann's connections with the German government were practically severed upon his return to this country during the fall of 1914, just after the war broke out. He is, therefore, uncertain at this time whether or not he will be treated as a German, or as an alien enemy, when he returns to Germany. He sees a possibility of even being taken for an American spy by the German people. But he is willing to face this possibility if it seems for the best. Of course, there is the other possibility that, if Germany is as short of men as the allies have reported, Professor Appellmann will be drafted into the service there, regardless of his leanings toward the American cause.

It is the sincere hope of the professor, however, that the German government will take into consideration the fact that he has learned the ways of the American people and will allow him to work among the American prisoners there. To say that Professor Appellmann is in a hurry to leave the country is expounding it mildly. Now that he has come to understand the American ideals and the American mind, he feels most closely attached to this country, and especially to the University of Vermont, where he has spent nearly all of his time in this country. His work as professor of the German language and literature at the university has been of the highest kind and has been recognized as such by educational circles throughout the country. He has been one of the most popular professors among the students of the university, as evidenced by the continually increasing number of who have elected his courses, his German classes this year being the largest that he has had since he came here in January, 1913. It is with deep regret that Professor Appellmann will say farewell to those whom he has served as instructor and friend at the university.

In spite of the charges which have been made against him, the professor has made many close friends outside of the university, who have stood by him most loyally.

IN AMERICA FIVE YEARS.

Professor Appellmann came to this country first in 1912 as exchange instructor to the public school system of Boston. Later that year, he took up the work of lecturer at Harvard University. From that position, he came to the University of Vermont in January, 1913, to succeed the late Professor R. B. Stetson as professor of German language and literature, a position which he has occupied up to the present time.

At the close of college in the spring of 1914, Professor Appellmann returned to Germany to settle up his affairs there with the intention of returning to this country to stay. There was some opposition to this move on the part of the German government, however, and before he could get things straightened out, the war broke out. Later, having severed his former relations with the German government, he returned to this country to take up his work at the university once more upon his own responsibility.

During Professor Appellmann's connection with the University of Vermont he has done a great deal of writing of an educational nature. No less than six of his books are now filed in the Library of Congress. Two books which he has recently written are soon to appear. One of these is a Philosophy of Schiller and Kant. The other is a treatise on modern educational methods, especially in the teaching of languages. This book will be used to a large extent in the schools of Vermont.

Quotas Now Full.

Montpelier, Nov. 13.—This list of men was certified for service yesterday by the adjutant-general for military service, again filling the quota from every county, Windsor having been low for a few days.

Bennington county: J. Edward W. White, North Bennington.

Orange county: Laurence E. Hardy, Bradford; Elmer E. Hatch, West Fairlee; John W. Grosvenor, Williamstown; Allen W. Bond, North Fairlee; Oscar Halvorsen, Chelsea; Edward S. Eddy, Braintree.

Chittenden: Allen F. Palmer, 162 South Champlain street, Burlington.

Windsor: Horace C. Corcoran, Gen. Del. Waterbury, N. Y.; Frank G. Irish, 1021 Canton avenue, Mattapan, Mass.

Grand Isle: Archie W. Stone, North Hero; Peter Ducharme, South Hero; Louis P. Collins, Albany; Norman D. Martin, South Hero; William Duprey, Isle La Motte.

CAPITAL REUSES SOLDIERS FAREWELL

Montpelier Turns Down Plan to Bring State Boys from Devens for Celebration.

Montpelier, Nov. 8.—Forty-three Montpelier citizens at a meeting to consider an invitation to bring the Vermont soldiers from Camp Devens here for a celebration before they leave for "elsewhere," turned down the proposition by a vote of 23 to 20, and in the next breath offered to sell tickets to help finance a trip of the First Vermont Regimental band from Westfield. Mayor Mitchell presided.

Governor Graham explained the reason for the boys coming here, saying that a letter had been received from Mortimer Proctor, writing for the soldiers of Vermont's quota, stating that they wanted to come back to Vermont once more before going to the front, and that at home work can be done with recruits in two months and to help in recruiting the next army.

The Vermont public safety executive committee had contributed \$2,000 toward the finances. The state was willing to pay a portion.

Having turned down the request, upon motion of J. B. Estee the assembly then voted that the chairman appoint a committee to assist the officers of the band at Westfield to sell tickets that they may come home. The committee was composed of the band, for a final trip, and help the finances of Companies F, C, H and headquarters of the First Vermont Regiment.

It is understood that Rutland had wanted the celebration there.

NAMES MEDICAL BOARDS

Governor Confers with Doctors in Nominating Physicians for Examination of Drafted Men.

Montpelier, Nov. 11.—Governor Graham conferred to-day with the following gentlemen:

Dr. John B. Wheeler of Burlington, professor of surgery, U. V. M.; Dr. W. S. Nay of Underhill, secretary of State board of medical registration; Dr. W. G. Ricker of St. Johnsbury, secretary of Vermont State medical society; Dr. C. H. Beecher of Burlington, professor of practice of medicine, U. V. M.; Dr. C. F. Dalton of Burlington, secretary, State board of health; Dr. Lyman Allen of Burlington, associate professor of surgery, U. V. M.

These are members of the medical section of the State committee of the Council of National Defense and, with their advice and assistance, the governor made up the personnel of the six medical advisory boards for the state of Vermont, to be used in the examination and classification of the drafted men.

The nominations were forwarded this afternoon to the President for action.

EX-GOV. FOSS ON FINANCIAL SHOAL

Boston, Nov. 8.—The formation of a committee to take charge of the financial interests of former Governor Eugene H. Foss was announced to-day. A statement made by a member of the committee, Neal Rantoul of the firm of F. S. Mosely & Co., brokers, said:

"Owing to the tremendous shrinkage in the market value of all high grade securities it has become necessary for Mr. Foss to liquidate some of his big stock investments in order to protect his ownership in the Sturtevant Blower company and the other companies in which he is interested."

"In order to facilitate and help the situation a committee has been formed to take charge of his affairs."

In addition to Mr. Rantoul, Galen L. Stone of Hayden, Stone & Co., and William A. Gaston of the National Shawmut bank are members of the committee.

No official estimate of the assets and liabilities was given out, but it was said that notwithstanding the shrinkage of stock values, the assets would probably exceed the liabilities by \$2,500,000. A statement of the estate holding are understood to constitute a considerable part of the assets.

The Sturtevant Blower plant is expected to continue in operation. It is engaged in government work with order of hand which are said to be approximately \$7,000,000 in value and require about two years for completion.

Mr. Foss was in his office in this city to-day, but denied himself to interviews.

COMPANY WANTS POLES.

Vergennes, Nov. 9.—The public service commission held a hearing at the Stevens House in Vergennes yesterday on the application of the Vergennes Power company for poles to the poles of the Vergennes power company. The poles which carry electrical power from the falls at Vergennes to Burlington, where it is used to operate the cars of the Burlington Traction company. Some time ago, on complaint of the Rutland Railroad company, that on account of the close proximity of the Vergennes Power company poles to the poles of the Rutland company, their lines were seriously interfered with. Relief was granted them and the Power company was ordered to move their poles.

When the Power company men came to do this, they claim they were unable to get such land as they wanted and they now bring statutory proceedings. Two separate hearings were held, dealing with allied interests, that is two separate parcels of land are wanted, one in Ferrisburg and the other in Charlotte.

The men present were W. A. Dutton of Hardwick, Neal Dow Gibson of Burlington and W. R. Warren of Vergennes. The Vergennes Power company was represented by Attorney George W. Stone and the other parties acted for themselves.

Find Doe's Carcass.

Middlebury, Nov. 9.—A portion of the carcass of a deer is floating in the Eddy lot. It had evidently been killed before season opened. Only the rear portions were taken and the rest was thrown into Otter Creek. It is thought that possibly the deer may have been killed in some of the mountain towns and the carcass thrown into one of the small streams flowing into Otter Creek.

FIRE SALE!

Plaster Board, Barn Equipment, etc., slightly damaged by Fire, Water and Smoke at very low prices while they last. If interested call or write. Strong Hardware Co., Burlington, Vt. (adv.)

FUEL COMMITTEES GET INSTRUCTIONS

State Administrator Advises about Action to Fix Retail Coal Prices.

Montpelier, Nov. 8.—State Fuel Administrator H. J. Jones has appointed as the committee from the town of Brattleboro, S. A. Daniels, chairman, H. R. Brown and H. H. Crane. The Rev. J. Wesley L. Miller of Bethel has resigned as chairman in that town and a new committee will be appointed.

The following letter has been sent to all the local fuel committees in the State by State Administrator Jones:

Montpelier, Vt., Nov. 8.

Local Fuel Committee, State of Vermont.

Dear Sirs:

PRICES OF COAL.
Temporary Price.

In the performance of your duties, you are requested to read carefully Instructions No. 1, issued October 15, 1917, and to instruct your local dealers concerning the price they may charge consumers for coal until the local price has been fixed by the federal fuel commissioner and the local dealers are informed concerning such fixed price.

FIXED PRICE.

The local fixed price will be determined later by the federal fuel administrator. In order to assist him in this matter, you are requested to fill out Official Blank of local fuel committee," after a thorough investigation of the retail business of each local coal dealer. For your instructions in this respect it is desired that you familiarize yourself with pamphlet entitled, "Retail Price of Coal and Coke," one of which was recently sent you. From this pamphlet you will discover that the local fuel committees do not fix prices for local dealers, but merely recommend prices to the State fuel administrator for his inspection and modification. These prices are then forwarded to the New England fuel administrator for approval and thence to the federal fuel administrator who finally fixes the price.

In determining the prices to be recommended by you for your locality, observe that the cost of unloading from car or barge and the net profit are both included in the gross margin.

On page four of pamphlet entitled "Retail Price of Coal and Coke," you will find full instructions concerning the method by which the local selling price may be determined by you for recommendation, and on page 11 you will find instructions concerning "net profit."

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Respectfully yours,

H. J. M. JONES,
Vermont Fuel Administrator.

WANTS \$2,500 ALIMONY.

Mrs. Ethel DeBoer Field Says \$1,500 Is Inadequate for Self and Children.

Montpelier, Nov. 8.—The divorce case of Mrs. Ethel DeBoer Field of Albany, N. Y., against D. D. Field, occupied most of the time to-day in county court. Mrs. Field, who has been enjoying an alimony of \$1,500 a year brought a petition through J. W. Gordon and F. L. Laird, her attorneys, asking for \$2,500 a year upon which to live and support her children who are with her part of the time each year and the rest of the time with Mr. Field. Testimony was introduced this morning by Mrs. Field, who testified that she thought the \$2,500 was as little as she could support her children and her home on. She testified that she could not work, herself, because if she did she would have to have a housekeeper and she would not be able to finance the home under that condition.

GIFTS OF \$600,000 TO BIG Y. M. C. A. FUND

Morgan Donates \$350,000 and Standard Oil \$250,000.

New York, Nov. 12.—Gifts of \$600,000 from two contributors toward the \$5,000,000 Y. M. C. A. war fund were announced to-day. A statement was made by J. P. Morgan & Co. gave \$350,000 and the Standard Oil company of New Jersey, for itself and subsidiaries, gave \$250,000. This is in addition to gifts of \$500,000 each from the International Harvester company, E. I. duPont de Nemours company and the United States Steel corporation, which already have been announced.

\$1,000,000 ROCKEFELLER GIFT TO Y. M. C. A.

New York, Nov. 12.—The Rockefeller foundation has promised to give out-right \$1,000,000 toward the \$5,000,000 war work fund of the Young Men's Christian association and to give in addition ten per cent of the entire amount raised. Its total contribution not to exceed \$3,500,000 it was announced to-day.

DEATH OF C. H. PRATT OF BRATTLEBORO

Brattleboro, Nov. 9.—Charles H. Pratt, aged 61, president of the Vermont Savings bank, died to-day in the Memorial hospital. He underwent an operation Wednesday which revealed an advanced stage of cancer. He was a life-long resident of this town, a son of the late Howard A. Pratt and Helen Rand Pratt. He devoted his entire business life to the bank. After graduating from the high school in 1872 he was bookkeeper 13 years, then assistant treasurer, and president holding the last named office since 1909 when he succeeded the late ex-Gov. Frederick Holbrook.

MRS. J. K. BATCHELDER DEAD.

Manchester, Nov. 9.—Mrs. James K. Batchelder, wife of James K. Batchelder, one of the leading attorneys of this county, died this afternoon at the home of her daughter, Mrs. C. M. Campbell, in this village. She was 70 years old. The funeral services will be held at the Zion Church this village Monday morning.

Vermonters in Casualty List.

Ottawa, Ont., Nov. 13.—The following casualties with the Canadian forces in France were reported to-day:

"Wounded." William Cassidy, Derby Center, Vt.; A. G. Williamson, Newport, Vt.

THIS LAW MUST STOP BOMB CUTS

Handling Explosive without a License Is Crime after November 15.

Washington, Nov. 12.—The bureau of mines announces that any person found with explosives in his possession after November 15, and who did not have a license issued by the federal government showing the purpose for which the explosives were to be used, would be arrested at once. The penalty is a fine of \$5,000, or one year in prison or both.

This is the principal clause in a war measure passed by the last Congress, which is now being put into effect by the bureau of mines, department of the interior. Francis S. Peabody of Chicago, a coal operator familiar with the use of explosives, has been appointed to act as assistant to the director of the bureau of mines. Van H. Manning, in the enforcement of the law. The director of the bureau is empowered to utilize the services of all United States officers and all police officers of the states, including the city police forces, county sheriffs, deputies, constables, and all officers in any way charged with police duties. The police of the cities have already been organized for this work, headed by a committee of chiefs of police in the big cities, of which Major R. W. Pullman, superintendent of police of Washington, is chairman. The police are not only to look after the enforcement of the law, but are also to make thorough investigations of all dynamite outrages and fires in factories and warehouses, and to make their reports to the director of the bureau of mines.

Persons apprehended in plots to blow up factories and bridges will be turned over to the authorities for prosecution, under federal or State laws. Most States have specially severe punishments for crimes against property. The extreme penalty of 25 years' imprisonment for the placing of dynamite with intent to blow up property. The penalty provided in the federal measure is merely to cover the illegal possession of explosives.

The law provides that any one who handles explosives must have a license. The manufacturer, the importer, and the exporter must have licenses issued by the bureau of mines. The seller of explosives and the purchaser of explosives must also have licenses. These licenses are issued by county clerks or other local officers who are authorized to administer oaths. There will be at least one licensing officer in each county, and more agents will be designated if the county is sufficiently large to warrant it. If a State has laws providing for a system of licensing persons manufacturing, storing, selling, or using explosives the State officials authorized to issue such licenses shall be designated as federal licensing agents; also city officials qualified to issue city explosives licenses will be authorized to issue federal licenses.

A federal license will not relieve any person from obtaining a license under State laws and local ordinances.

In each State there will be appointed a State explosives inspector, who will represent the bureau of mines in the administration of the law within the State.

Only citizens of the United States or of countries friendly to the United States and the allies may so obtain licenses. Contractors, mining companies, quarrymen and others using large quantities of explosives which are handled by employees may issue explosives to such employees only as have licenses.

The purchaser of dynamite, in obtaining a license, must state definitely what the explosives are to be used for, and will be held accountable for its use as stated and the return of any explosives that may be left.

With the strict enforcement of this law the federal authorities hope to put a stop to all further dynamite plots.

GRANITE PLANT DESTROYED

Gomez & Higuera of Northfield Lose Not Only Building but All Records and Contracts.

Northfield, Nov. 8.—Early this morning completely destroyed the granite plant of Gomez & Higuera with all its contents, including the office, with accounts, contracts and all records. The fire was discovered about one o'clock and the firemen arrived on the scene and the entire shed was in flames. Although two streams were at once used to good advantage they could do nothing towards saving the building or its contents, so that their attention was directed to protecting surrounding property, consisting of the warehouses of W. H. Mortley, Duke & Harrigan and C. S. Richmond & Son and the blacksmith shop and tenement of H. N. Alden.

About 10 men were employed in the shed at the present time and they lost all their tools. The loss was several stories practically completed. The loss is practically covered by insurance.

COMPLAINT THAT BOY SHOT TWO DOES

Brattleboro, Nov. 12.—A report of the shooting of two boys by David Houghton of Putney, 12 years old son of Mr. and Mrs. William B. Houghton, was made to-day to county judge Jordan C. Metcalf of this place. It is alleged to shoot a doe, also to shoot more than one deer. The lad said he mistook the does' ears for horns and after he had shot once he saw a deer running and supposed he had missed so fired two more. His father has notified the officers that he will pay any money necessary to satisfy the law. The boy at least demonstrated that he was a good marksman.

Addison Deer Wardens.

Middlebury, Nov. 8.—County Fish and Game Warden George W. Chaffee has appointed the following wardens for the coming deer season, to whom hunters are required to report the taking of deer and exhibit them to the deer head: Addison, Hillard Barnes; Bridport, Cyrus Smith; Bristol, George S. Farr; Cornwall, James Douglas; Ferrisburg, Herbert Booth; Goshen, Thomas Hooker; Groton, George Ford; Hancock, Daniel Dunham; Leicester, Charles Farmer; Lincoln, Fred Dean; New Haven, William Grover; Otis, Otis Dean; Fenton, Clayton Currier; Ripton, James Hodges; Salisbury, Richard Lewis; Starkboro, Frank M. Hill; Shrewsbury, Winslow Clark; Vergennes, William Norton; Waltham, Alanson Wright; Weybridge, A. L. Austin; Whiting, S. J.

IN SANITARIUM THREE WEEKS.

Splendid results in kidney and bladder troubles are achieved by Foley Kidney Pills. Mrs. Etie E. Kleppe, Averbil, Minn., writes: "I was at Fargo sanitarium three weeks for rheumatism and kidney trouble; got no relief. I began using Foley Kidney Pills and found immediate relief. A bottle completed the cure." J. W. O'Sullivan, 20 Church st.

RULES FOR BAKERS OF BREAD-MAKING LICENSES AFFECT

Hotels, Restaurants and Clubs.

Washington, Nov. 12.—All bakeries in the United States, including those of hotels, restaurants, and clubs and excepting only the small neighborhood baker of bread who uses less than ten barrels of flour per month, are required to come under federal license after December 10 by a proclamation issued to-night by President Wilson.

All "persons, firms, corporations and associations, who manufacture for sale bread in any form, cake, crackers, biscuits, pastry or other bakery products" are directed to take out licenses, which will subject them to rigid regulations now being drafted by the food administration. Thus the great manufacturers of cakes and crackers sold throughout the world will be affected in company with the bakeries which sell their products in the city of their location.

Under its regulations the food administration will standardize bread making and standardize bread making and force prices for pound-loaves downward, probably to seven or eight cents. Fancy breads are to be eliminated, loaves are to be in one, one and a half, two and four-pound sizes and the sugar content is to be cut down from six to three pounds per barrel of flour.

The penalty for failure to procure licenses is \$5,000 fine, or two years' imprisonment, or both.

SEEKS RECEIVERSHIP

Suit against Montpelier Traction and Power Company—J. J. Flynn One of the Owners of Concern.

Montpelier, Nov. 12.—A hearing will take place November 20 at the Washington county court house in the matter of the receivership of the Barre and Montpelier Traction & Power company. Judge L. P. Slack having signed the bill in chancery this noon upon his arrival from St. Johnsbury. Coming as it does on top of a statement made a few days ago by H. T. Sands that he was prosecuting for the assurance of the bondholders that they were agreeable to the new issue of bonds under the new franchise it was a surprise at the offices of the Tenney company, which manages the affairs of the above corporation.

The suit is brought in the name of Henry M. Deavitt of Chicago, alleging that the bonds due November 1 have been defaulted, praying that the mortgage be foreclosed and that a short day be named for the hearing and sale. The bonds amount to \$100,000 and interest is at five per cent. Mr. Deavitt owns \$500 of bonds left him by his father, T. J. Deavitt. When he sent the collection to the trust company for his money the report was "no funds." The bonds were issued 30 years ago and due November 1, 1917. The bill was served upon H. D. Larrabee, clerk of the company, this afternoon, J. J. Flynn of Burlington is set up as one of the principal owners of the company. The mortgage covers everything in the name of the corporation, including the ball park, Benjamin Falls and Dewey Park. The bill also sets up that Montpelier is indebted to the amount of \$6,000 for the construction of the Rialto bridge. The road was built in 1897 by J. J. Flynn, F. C. Kennedy, A. O. Humphrey and J. S. Pierson of Burlington.

Several remained after the talk, to ask questions on different subjects.

STOLEN HORSE RETURNED.

Middlebury Steed Had Been Left in Burlington Livestock.

Middlebury, Nov. 8.—L. O. Allen has recovered the horse stolen from him last week by a man and woman. The animal was left at the Papin stables in Burlington by the man, who claimed to be a Mr. Carter. The horse was in a delivery stable did not hear from "Carter" again they communicated with the police, who in turn phoned Mr. Allen and obtained a description of his missing steed. The animal was returned to its owner this afternoon.

SCHOOLMASTER'S JAW BADLY INJURED

Concord, Nov. 8.—Fire completely destroyed the farmhouse of Arthur Brown to-night with all its contents and 80 bushels of potatoes. The fire caught while the Browns were in the barn doing chores and originated in a defective chimney. Principal Bralley of the junior high school had his jaw cracked by the bursting of the chemical fire extinguisher and was taken to Brightlook hospital at St. Johnsbury.

Gitchell's Actions Suspicious.

Montpelier, Nov. 13.—Guy Gitchell of Portland, Me., was in conference with Sheriff F. H. Tracy this evening as a result of his actions at the Montpelier House. The management of the hotel was unable to ascertain what he was doing here, and his actions being somewhat peculiar, officers were called. He first gave the name of Williams, which was not a resident. Then he claimed his home in Portland, Me. Persons in that city were telephoned and he was identified. It finally developed he is a book salesman and persons here to whom he has sold books for some years identifying him.

Vermont Contributes \$6,380.

Boston, Nov. 13.—New England had contributed \$1,258,230 to the Y. M. C. A. war fund at the conclusion of the second day of the campaign according to returns tabulated last night. Of this amount Vermont had contributed \$6,380.

CAMOUFLAGE MINCEMEAT IS NOW ANNOUNCED

New York, Nov. 13.—"Camouflage" mince-meat pie—mince-meat minus the meat—is being planned for hotel menus, in the interest of food conservation, by the New York State War Reliance association, now holding its annual session here. The hotel men are also considering pieless and puddingless days in addition to the meatless and wheatless days already generally observed by leading hotels.

LOAN OF \$310,000,000 IS MADE TO FRANCE

Washington, Nov. 13.—A loan of \$310,000,000 to France to cover expenditures in this country during November and December was made to-day by the treasury. This makes the total credits already developed by the United States government to all the allies \$5,746,400,0